NAME_____

- 1. What are the three subatomic particles in an atom? What is the charge for each particle?
- 2. Using your periodic table, complete the following:

Name	Symbol	Atomic #	Atomic Mass	# Protons	# Neutrons	# Electrons
	Li	3		3		3
Potassium			39		20	
		32				
Aluminum	Al					

- 3. How do you determine the number of protons in an element?
- 4. How do you determine the number of electrons in an element?
- 5. How do you determine the number of neutrons in an element?
- 6. Draw a Bohr model for N.
- 7. You know the density of an object is 4g/ml and its volume is 3 ml. What is its Mass?
- 8. Using a drawing or diagram, compare the particles in a solid, a liquid and a gas.

9. What is the difference between physical and chemical properties? Give at least three examples of each.

- 10. I begin with 30 grams of ice and melt it to form 20 grams of water and some water vapor. What would be the mass of my water vapor and why?
- 11. Name at least two clues that tell you a chemical process has taken place.

12. Convert the following numbers into scientific notation.

- a. 00123457145
- b. 64,600

13. Name at least two differences between plant and animal cells.

1	Plant Cell	1	Animal Cell
1.		1.	
2.		2.	

- 14. Define the following terms and describe what it is used for in a cell: a. cell membrane
 - b. Choloroplast
 - c. Nucleus

- 15. The element ______ is one of the basic elements of life found in every living thing.
- 16. What is the name of the clear, jelly-like fluid that is between the cell membrane and nucleus, surrounding all organelles present in a cell?
- 17. What is the difference between prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells? Give an example of each.
- 18. Can you catch diabetes from another person? What things might you have to change about your life if you are diagnosed with diabetes?
- 19. The most accurate definition of biotechnology is
 - a. Using robots to do our housework
 - b. Using computers to look up biology terms
 - c. Using living things or their parts to create or modify products and procedures that improve life for humans and animals
 - d. Programming computers to harvest crops
- 20. Which statement reflects the greatest concern for genetically modified crops?
 - a. High yield crop varieties will reduce the use of fertilizers
 - b. The cost of agriculture will decrease
 - c. Drought resistant crops may die during rainy seasons
 - d. Genes for herbicide resistance might be transferred to weeds by cross-pollination
- 21. Using microbes to clean up oil spills before contaminants get to water sources is an example of biotech used in which area?
 - a. Medicine
 - b. Agriculture
 - c. Food and consumer goods
 - d. Environment
- 22. How does the DNA differ between prokaryotes and eukaryotes?
- 23. Explain what is meant by GMO.

- 24. Talk about one way that GMO plants are created.
- 25. What makes it so difficult to create a flu vaccine?
- 26. Currently there are 4000 people per week dying of the flu in the United States. Would you say this is an epidemic or a pandemic? Why did you choose your answer?
- 27. Explain the difference between a virus and a bacteria.
- 28. The physical process for changing a solid to a liquid is called ______.
- 29. The physical process for changing a solid directly into a gas without having a liquid phase is S_ L_ __ T I __.
- 30. Think about the movie Contagion. What things could you do to prevent the spread of a virus. (Name at least three.)